



FEISHANG

Feishang Anthracite Resources Limited

飛尚無煙煤資源有限公司

(Incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability)

Stock Code : 1738

2020
INTERIM REPORT



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. HAN Weibing (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)

Mr. HU Lubao

Mr. TAM Cheuk Ho

Mr. WONG Wah On Edward

Mr. YUE Ming Wai Bonaventure

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. LO Kin Cheung

Mr. HUANG Zuye

Mr. WANG Xiufeng

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. WONG Wah On Edward

Mr. YUE Ming Wai Bonaventure

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. YUE Ming Wai Bonaventure

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. LO Kin Cheung (*Chairman*)

Mr. HUANG Zuye

Mr. WANG Xiufeng

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. HUANG Zuye (*Chairman*)

Mr. LO Kin Cheung

Mr. WANG Xiufeng

Mr. TAM Cheuk Ho

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. WANG Xiufeng (*Chairman*)

Mr. HUANG Zuye

Mr. LO Kin Cheung

Mr. HAN Weibing

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

Mr. WANG Xiufeng (*Chairman*)

Mr. HU Lubao

Mr. HAN Weibing

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

22/F, CITIC Tower

1 Tim Mei Avenue

Central

Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Maples Corporate Services (BVI) Limited

Kingston Chambers, P.O. Box 173

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British Virgin Islands

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COMPANY'S WEBSITE

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COMPANY'S STOCK CODE

1738.HK

CORPORATE INFORMATION

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

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PO Box 1093
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Cricket Square
Grand Cayman KY1-1102
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited
Level 54, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISERS

(As to Hong Kong Law)
Lau, Horton & Wise LLP

(As to PRC Law)
Commerce & Finance Law Offices

(As to British Virgin Islands Law)
Maples and Calder

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of Guizhou Co., Ltd.
China Minsheng Banking Corp., Ltd.
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited
Bank of Chongqing
Bank of Guiyang
China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

- Revenue from continuing operations decreased by approximately 28.9% to approximately CNY424.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2020 from approximately CNY597.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019
- Gross profit from continuing operations decreased by approximately 57.3% to approximately CNY96.2 million for the six months ended 30 June 2020 from approximately CNY225.3 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019
- Loss attributable to owners of the parent from continuing operations for the six months ended 30 June 2020 was approximately CNY105.2 million, compared to a profit of approximately CNY10.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019
- Basic loss per share from continuing operations was approximately CNY0.08

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

On behalf of the board (the “Board”) of directors (the “Directors”) of Feishang Anthracite Resources Limited (the “Company”), I present the unaudited consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Group”) for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (the “Reporting Period”).

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the first half of 2020, the world witnessed the global outbreak of the novel coronavirus (“COVID-19”) amidst a series of other existing or emerging tensions and challenges. Governments and other authorities in China and around the world have taken a slew of unprecedented measures intended to control the spread of COVID-19, including quarantines, restrictions on travel and public gatherings, and the temporary closure of certain businesses and facilities. The pandemic and the efforts to contain it have caused significant economic and financial disruptions around the world, including disruptions to industrial production and global logistical and supply chains, and extreme volatility in the global financial markets. Under clear policy guidance and highly-coordinated efforts nationwide, the outbreak of COVID-19 in China was soon brought under control, and economic activities have gradually resumed. The Chinese government has also promptly implemented targeted and highly supportive fiscal and monetary stabilising policies to mitigate the risk of economic contraction. In the first quarter of 2020, China’s gross domestic product (“GDP”) grew at an unprecedented negative year-on-year rate of -6.8%, while in the second quarter, GDP growth rate saw a turnaround to a positive year-on-year rate of 3.2%.

The outbreak of COVID-19 and its related economic consequences were clearly reflected in the coal industry. In the first half of 2020, the price of coal went through a deep V-shape, capturing demand and supply relationships in four different stages in the coal industry. In early 2020 and before the outbreak of COVID-19, supply and demand were roughly in balance, so the price of coal was relatively stable. Soon after the outbreak of COVID-19 in late January, the Chinese government imposed strict control policies to contain its spread, which inevitably had a material impact on the economy. Coal supply decreased faster than coal consumption, leading to a temporary increase in the price of coal. Since early February, in order to secure energy supply during the pandemic, the coal industry accelerated resumption of production, whereas downstream industries were yet to recover from large-scale quarantines. Coal import also increased due to price advantage and which also led to increase in supply. The above resulted in a serious mismatch between supply and demand, leading to a continuous drop in the price of coal until late April. The price of coal dropped below CNY500 per ton for the first time since 2017. Since May, the coal industry was encouraged to restrict output in order to restore balance to the market and protect coal price. The government also imposed strict restrictions on coal import. Meanwhile, economic activities recovered, with most downstream industries resuming operations, and this boosted electricity consumption and coal demand. The price of coal soon rebounded to pre-COVID-19 levels. For the first half of 2020, the average overall price of thermal coal in ports was CNY536 per ton, representing a year-on-year decline of approximately 11.3%. The year-on-year decline in the price of anthracite coal was close to 15%.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In the first quarter of 2020, the Group's operations were also disrupted by the outbreak of COVID-19 and the efforts to contain it. Some of the Group's employees were unable to return to work until the beginning of April, as they were quarantined in Hubei Province, the critical epicentre of the COVID-19 outbreak. That resulted in under-capacity operation and a decrease in the Group's production output and sales volume in the first half of 2020 as compared to the corresponding period in 2019. The average selling price of the Group's anthracite products for the first half of 2020 also declined as compared to the corresponding period in 2019. Apart from the impact of the overall decline in the market price of coal as a result of the outbreak of COVID-19 and weak market demand, the Group also faced a temporary deterioration in the quality of its coal products due to geological complexities of current mining faces. The above exerted downward pressures on the average selling price of the Group's coal products in the first half of 2020. Meanwhile, since 2020, the Group incurred increased financial burden due to a substantial increase in interest-bearing loans, which further undermined the Group's profitability.

SUMMARY OF EXPLORATION, DEVELOPMENT AND MINING ACTIVITIES

- During the Reporting Period, total production volume of the Group was approximately 1.05 million tonnes. As at 30 June 2020, the total proved and probable reserve of the four coal mines under Australian Code prepared by the Joint Ore Reserves Committee (the "JORC Code") was approximately 181.42 million tonnes (calculated as if all the coal mines (excluding Gouchang Coal Mine and Dayuan Coal Mine) were wholly owned by the Group and adjusted by deducting those reserves extracted by the Group's mining activities from 1 August 2013 to 30 June 2020). For details, please refer to the Summary of Mine Properties as set out on page 58 of this report.

Compliance

During the Reporting Period, as far as the Company is aware, there was no material breach of and/or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations by the Group that had a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board has overall responsibility for the effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group and is committed to the maintenance of good corporate governance, practices and procedures of the Group. In accordance with the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules"), the Group continuously improves the risk management and internal control systems, and updates a number of policies. The Board believes that these measures will strengthen the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. As far as the Group is aware, there were no fraudulent practices brought to the Group's attention during the Reporting Period.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Continuing Operations

Revenue

The Group's revenue decreased by approximately 28.9% from approximately CNY597.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019 to approximately CNY424.8 million for the Reporting Period. The approximate CNY172.9 million decrease in revenue during the Reporting Period was mainly caused by the decrease in sales volume of self-produced anthracite coal and the drop in the average selling price of self-produced anthracite coal. The sales volume of self-produced anthracite coal decreased from approximately 1.82 million tonnes for the six months ended 30 June 2019 to approximately 1.26 million tonnes for the Reporting Period, representing a decline of approximately 30.8%. The decrease in sales volume during the Reporting Period was mainly due to the outbreak of COVID-19 and governmental control measures imposed to contain it, which in turn led to decline in production output and weak market demand. Due to the inclusion of delivery cost in the selling price of thermal coal since July 2019, the average selling price net of value-added tax of self-produced anthracite coal apparently increased slightly from CNY327.5 per tonne for the six months ended 30 June 2019 to CNY336.5 per tonne for the Reporting Period. If delivery cost had not been factored in, the average selling price of self-produced anthracite coal would have dropped. The drop in average selling price was mainly caused by (i) the drop in overall price of coal market; and (ii) the lower coal quality of the current mine faces due to geological complexities.

The Group's revenue from sales of processed coal (including coal screening and/or coal washing and coal blending), amounting to 45.1% of total revenue, decreased from approximately CNY279.0 million (0.53 million tonnes sales volume) for the six months ended 30 June 2019 to approximately CNY191.4 million (0.40 million tonnes sales volume) during the Reporting Period. The decrease in revenue from sales of processed coal was mainly due to the decrease of approximately 24.5% in sales volume and the drop of CNY46.4 per tonne in the average selling price of processed coal. The reasons for the decrease have been discussed above.

Cost of Sales

The Group's cost of sales decreased by approximately 11.8% from approximately CNY372.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019 to approximately CNY328.6 million for the Reporting Period. The drop was mainly due to the decrease of approximately 30.8% in sales volume of self-produced anthracite coal, which was partially offset by the increase in depreciation, repair and maintenance cost and labour cost per tonne.

Cost of Sales for Coal Mining

Labour costs for the Reporting Period were approximately CNY84.3 million, representing a decrease of approximately CNY16.3 million, or approximately 16.2%, as compared with approximately CNY100.6 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019. The decrease in labour costs was proportionally lower than the decline in sales volume of self-produced anthracite coal during the Reporting Period, because of the rise in labour cost per tonne of coal mining caused by the geological complexities of current mine faces of the Group.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Material, fuel and energy costs for the Reporting Period were approximately CNY53.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately CNY13.1 million, or approximately 19.8%, as compared with approximately CNY66.3 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019. The decrease in material, fuel and energy costs was lower than the decrease in sales volume of the Group's self-produced anthracite products for the Reporting Period. This was mainly due to the additional repair and maintenance of mine roadways, mining machinery and equipment.

Depreciation and amortisation for the Reporting Period were approximately CNY137.1 million, as compared with approximately CNY137.0 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019. The increase in depreciation and amortisation per tonne for the Reporting Period was caused by (i) the larger depreciable base arising from the increase in property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets; and (ii) the higher unit construction costs of mine faces of Liujiaba Coal Mine, Dayun Coal Mine and Yongsheng Coal Mine over those of the same period last year due to the complicated geological factors and which were mostly depreciated during the Reporting Period.

Taxes and levies for the Reporting Period were approximately CNY19.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately CNY15.7 million, or approximately 44.2%, as compared with approximately CNY35.5 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019. The decrease in sales taxes and levies, which mainly consisted of ad valorem resource tax, was mainly due to the revenue decline during the Reporting Period.

Cost of Sales for Coal Processing

Coal processing cost, which included coal screening costs and/or coal washing costs and coal blending costs, increased from approximately CNY27.7 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019 to approximately CNY30.2 million for the Reporting Period. This was mainly due to (i) the increase in material, fuel and energy costs resulting from the increase in repair and maintenance of equipment and transport belts; and (ii) the increase in transportation fee from Dayun Coal Mine and Baiping Coal Mine to the coal beneficiation plant for coal processing.

Breakdown of the Group's Unit Cost of Sales

Cost Items for Coal Mining Activities	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY/tonne	2019 CNY/tonne
Labour costs	66.8	55.2
Raw materials, fuel and energy	42.2	36.3
Depreciation and amortisation	108.6	75.1
Taxes & levies payable to governments	15.7	19.5
Other production-related costs	3.1	2.9
Total unit cost of sales for coal mining	236.4	189.0

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Cost Items for Coal Processing Activities	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY/tonne	2019 CNY/tonne
Labour costs	9.6	12.5
Materials, fuel and energy	38.9	25.2
Depreciation	9.0	6.8
Taxes & levies payable to governments	3.2	2.3
Other coal processing related costs	15.4	5.6
Total unit cost of sales for coal processing	76.1	52.4

Gross Profit and Gross Margin

As a result of the foregoing, the overall gross profit decreased by approximately 57.3% from approximately CNY225.3 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019 to approximately CNY96.2 million for the Reporting Period. The overall gross margin, which is equal to gross profit divided by revenue, decreased from approximately 37.7% for the six months ended 30 June 2019 to approximately 22.6% for the Reporting Period. The decrease in overall gross margin was mainly due to the increase in depreciation, repair and maintenance cost and labour cost per tonne as discussed above.

Loss/Profit for the Reporting Period from Continuing Operations

The loss from continuing operations was approximately CNY103.8 million for the Reporting Period, compared to the profit of approximately CNY27.3 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019. The increase in loss from continuing operations for the Reporting Period was mainly caused by (i) the decrease of approximately CNY129.1 million in gross profit mainly resulting from the decrease in sales volume and the increase in depreciation, repair and maintenance cost and labour cost per tonne during the Reporting Period; (ii) an increase of approximately CNY34.6 million in finance costs mainly due to the increase in interest-bearing bank and other borrowings; and (iii) the increase of approximately CNY11.2 million in selling expenses mainly due to the increase in transportation fee incurred mainly because of a change of settlement term with the power producer as a result of which the Group became responsible for delivery cost which has been included in the selling price of thermal coal since July 2019. The increase in loss was partially offset by (i) the decrease of approximately CNY31.5 million in income tax expense mainly due to the decrease in current profit before income tax and the increase in deferred income tax benefit resulting from the increase in unutilised tax losses; and (ii) the decrease of approximately CNY9.2 million in other operating expenses mainly due to the decline in compensation paid to local residents for repairing the damaged houses and/or relocation affected by the mines' operations of the Group during the Reporting Period.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Loss/Profit Attributable to Owners of the Parent from Continuing Operations

The loss attributable to owners of the parent from continuing operations during the Reporting Period was approximately CNY105.2 million, compared to the profit attributable to owners of the parent of approximately CNY10.8 million for the six months ended 30 June 2019. The reasons for the increase in the loss attributable to owners of the parent for the Reporting Period from continuing operations have been discussed above.

Discontinued Operations

(a) Discontinued operation of Gouchang Coal Mine

Since March 2013, the operations of Gouchang Coal Mine had been suspended pending the acquisition of a nearby coal mine and achieving certain production targets in accordance with Guizhou Province's coal mine consolidation policy. The Group planned to close down Gouchang Coal Mine in accordance with the second batch of the restructuring proposal approved by the Energy Bureau of Guizhou Province and the Leading Group Office of Guizhou Province on Coal Enterprises Consolidation on 5 January 2016.

During the Reporting Period, works at Gouchang Coal Mine had substantially ceased, therefore the operating results have been reclassified as a discontinued operation.

(b) Discontinued operation of Guizhou Nayong Dayuan Coal Mining Co., Ltd. ("Guizhou Dayuan")

On 24 May 2019, Guizhou Puxin Energy Co., Ltd. ("Guizhou Puxin"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into an equity transfer agreement with Guiyang Baoshun Energy Co., Ltd. ("Baoshun"), an independent third party, to dispose its entire equity interest in Guizhou Dayuan, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Guizhou Puxin, at an aggregate consideration of CNY55.0 million. Guizhou Dayuan is mainly engaged in extraction and sales of anthracite coal in Nayong County, Guizhou Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The consideration shall be payable by Baoshun in various tranches upon the satisfaction of the subsequent conditions. During the year of 2019, Guizhou Puxin received tranches of CNY50.0 million from Baoshun. Up to 30 June 2020, the transaction was not yet completed, and Guizhou Dayuan was classified as a disposal group held for sale and as a discontinued operation.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES REVIEW

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

As at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2020, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately CNY1,629.1 million and approximately CNY1,576.8 million, respectively. All the borrowings are denominated in CNY. The Group has not engaged any foreign currency contract to hedge the potential foreign currency exchange exposure. The Group intends to fund the cash requirements with additional bank and other borrowings, and/or possible equity financing.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

No equity fund raising activity was conducted by the Company during the Reporting Period. As at 30 June 2020, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately CNY94.2 million.

The interest-bearing loans consist of short-term and long-term bank and other borrowings. As at 30 June 2020, the total outstanding amount of the Group's short-term bank and other borrowings and the current portion of the Group's outstanding long-term bank borrowings were CNY730.5 million. The Group had total outstanding long-term bank borrowings (excluding the current portion) of CNY1,262.5 million. Some of the outstanding bank and other borrowings are guaranteed by Mr. LI Feilie and/or companies controlled by him, and some of the Group's bank borrowings are secured by pledges of the mining rights, certain buildings, bank deposit and trade receivables in Guizhou Puxin and equity interests in Guizhou Puxin and Guizhou Dayuan and trade receivables and certain machinery and equipment in Guizhou Yongfu Mining Co., Limited ("Guizhou Yongfu"). As at 30 June 2020, the Group had loans amounting to CNY732.5 million with fixed interest rates ranging from 6.8835% to 7.00% per annum. The remaining loans held by the Group as at 30 June 2020 had floating interest rates ranging from 4.05% to 7.35% per annum.

Pledge of Assets of the Group

As at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2020, the amount of outstanding bank borrowings that were guaranteed by Mr. LI Feilie were CNY1,776.5 million and CNY1,823.0 million, respectively and the amount of outstanding bank borrowings that were guaranteed by certain associates of Mr. LI Feilie were CNY1,846.5 million and CNY1,893.0 million, respectively.

As at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2020, certain mining rights of the Group with carrying amounts of approximately CNY722.6 million and approximately CNY714.6 million, respectively were pledged to secure bank loans with carrying amounts of CNY1,729.5 million and CNY1,794.5 million, respectively.

As at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2020, the Company's equity interest in Guizhou Puxin and Guizhou Dayuan were pledged to secure bank loans with carrying amounts of CNY737.5 million and CNY722.5 million, respectively.

As at 30 June 2020, certain buildings, machinery and equipment owned by the Group with carrying amounts of approximately CNY47.9 million were pledged to secure the loan with a carrying amount of CNY20.0 million, and as at 31 December 2019, no buildings, machinery and equipment owned by the Group were pledged to secure loans.

As at 30 June 2020, certain trade receivables owned by the Group with carrying amounts of approximately CNY126.3 million were pledged to secure loans with carrying amounts of CNY100.0 million, and as at 31 December 2019, no trade receivables owned by the Group were pledged to secure loans.

As at 30 June 2020, a bank deposit owned by the Group with a carrying amount of CNY51.0 million were pledged to secure the loan with a carrying amount of CNY50.0 million, and as at 31 December 2019, no bank deposit owned by the Group were pledged to secure loans.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Currency Exposure and Management

Since the majority of the Group's business activities are transacted in CNY, the Directors consider that the Group's risk in foreign exchange is insignificant.

Capital Commitments

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had contractual capital commitments in respect of coal mines mainly for construction of new tunnels, roads and purchase of machinery and equipment amounting to approximately CNY141.4 million.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 30 June 2020, except for the bank borrowings, the Group did not have any loan capital or debt securities issued or agreed to be issued, outstanding bank overdrafts and liabilities under acceptances or other similar indebtedness, debentures, mortgages, charges or loans or acceptance credits, finance leases or hire purchase commitments or guarantees or material contingent liabilities.

Gearing Ratio

As at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2020, the gearing ratio (which is calculated by dividing total interest-bearing debt by total capital at the end of the year/Reporting Period and multiplying by 100%) was 110.9% and 116.3%, respectively. The gearing ratio increased in 2020 as the Group recorded a loss for the Reporting Period.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board does not declare an interim dividend for the Reporting Period (six months ended 30 June 2019: Nil).

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 30 June 2020, the Group employed 1,236 full time employees (not including 1,406 workers provided by third party labour agencies) from continuing operations for its principal activities. Employees' costs (including Directors' emoluments) amounted to approximately CNY135.3 million (including payment to workers provided by third party labour agencies) for the Reporting Period (six months ended 30 June 2019: approximately CNY142.6 million). The Group recognises the importance of high calibre and competent staff and continues to provide remuneration packages to employees with reference to prevailing market practices and individual performance. Other various benefits, such as medical and retirement benefits, are also provided. In addition, share options may be granted to eligible employees of the Group in accordance with the terms of the share option scheme adopted by the Company.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 15 July 2020, Guizhou Yongfu and Jiangxi Province Haiji Financial Leasing Co., Ltd. entered into a factoring agreement. Under the factoring agreement, on 17 July 2020, Guizhou Yongfu received a short-term loan amounting to CNY50.0 million to finance its working capital on security of a pledge over its trade receivables of approximately CNY53.5 million. The short-term loan, which bears a fixed interest rate of 4.976% per annum, is repayable on 17 July 2021.

PROSPECTS

Supply-side reform in the coal industry continues in 2020. Following the completion of massive overall capacity reduction, the focus of supply-side reform in 2020 has shifted to further encouraging steady and orderly release of high-quality production capacity to ensure energy security, consolidate the achievements of supply-side reform, and improve the safety level of coal mines. Nevertheless, under tight environmental policies and safety supervision, more backward production facilities will be eliminated. The expansion of supply in the future should be mild and steady, and coal mine concentration is expected to increase further. One obvious achievement of the supply-side reform in the coal industry is a marked increase in concentration and elasticity of supply, which will facilitate production management and control. Due to the outbreak of COVID-19 overseas, overseas demand for coal is expected to remain weak, leading to persistently lower prices of imported coal, but with strict import regulations expected to be in place, the domestic coal market should stabilise. Therefore, supply and demand relationship in the coal market is expected to remain healthy in the future, and the fluctuations of coal price will most likely be narrowed and remain within a reasonable range.

In the second half of 2020, as the outbreak of COVID-19 in China has been kept under control, economic activities in China have largely recovered. The targeted and highly supportive fiscal and monetary stabilising policies implemented by the Chinese government are expected to boost China's GDP growth, which will lend steady support to overall electricity consumption as well as coal demand. Investment in fixed assets, real estate and infrastructure construction has clearly picked up, which will also boost coal demand from downstream industries including the production of iron and steel and building materials. The average price of coal in the second half of 2020 is expected to be higher than that in the first half, but the overall average price for the whole year of 2020 is still expected to be lower than that for the prior year. However, the extent to which the evolving COVID-19 pandemic will impact the global economy and the coal industry is highly uncertain. Any wide spread resurgence of COVID-19 in China and globally could prolong the deterioration in economic conditions and cause further declines in demand and prices, which will negatively impact the Group's results of operations.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In view of the highly uncertain business environment and increasingly intensified competition from both local coal producers and coal producers based in the northern parts of China, the Group will continue to expand high-quality production capacity and actively focus on coal quality management and product mix adjustment to improve the competitiveness and average selling price of its coal products. Meanwhile, the Group will, during the current period of a weak market and a temporary deterioration in coal quality caused by geological complexities of current mining faces, continue to make strategic preparations for concentrated mining of high-quality coal in the coming years, in order to place itself in an advantageous position for competing in the high-quality coal market in the future. The Group will also continue to improve production efficiency and intelligence, promote refined management and cost control, and strengthen production safety management, environmental protection efforts and maintenance of high-end customers.

The Company will also consider other business projects that can provide its shareholders with promising returns and benefit the Group as a whole when suitable opportunities arise.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has an audit committee (“Audit Committee”) which was established in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over the Group’s financial reporting process, risk management and internal controls. The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors. The members of the Audit Committee are Mr. LO Kin Cheung, Mr. HUANG Zuye and Mr. WANG Xiufeng. The Audit Committee meets regularly with the Company’s senior management and the Company’s auditors to consider the Company’s financial reporting process, the effectiveness of internal controls, the audit process and risk management. The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group’s interim condensed consolidated financial information for the Reporting Period.

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group for the Reporting Period has not been audited, but has been reviewed by the Company’s auditors, Ernst & Young, in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagement 2410 Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my appreciation to all staff and management team of the Group for their devoted efforts and hard work during the Reporting Period. I would also like to express my sincere gratitude to all the shareholders of the Company for their continuous support.

By Order of the Board

Feishang Anthracite Resources Limited

HAN Weibing

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 31 August 2020

OTHER INFORMATION

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 30 June 2020, so far as was known to the Directors, the following persons/entities (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO"), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

Name of substantial shareholder	Long/short position	Capacity	Number of shares	Notes	Percentage of the issued shares (%)
Mr. LI Feilie	Long position	Beneficial owner	15,000,000		
	Long position	Interest held by his controlled corporations	724,029,650	1	
			739,029,650		53.53
Laitan Investments Limited	Long position	Interest held by its controlled corporation	724,029,650	1	52.44
Feishang Group Limited	Long position	Beneficial owner	724,029,650	1	52.44
Mr. LI Zongyang	Long position	Beneficial owner	125,000,000	2	9.05

Notes:

- The 724,029,650 ordinary shares were held by Feishang Group Limited, which is wholly owned by Laitan Investments Limited, which is in turn wholly owned by Mr. LI Feilie. According to the SFO, both Mr. LI Feilie and Laitan Investments Limited are deemed to have interests in the 724,029,650 ordinary shares held by Feishang Group Limited.
- Mr. LI Zongyang is Mr. LI Feilie's son.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2020, the Directors were not aware of any other persons/entities (other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

OTHER INFORMATION

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2020, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which any such Director or chief executive is taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required to be entered into the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or which were otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"), were set out below:

(I) The Company

Name of Director	Long/short position	Capacity	Number of shares	Percentage of the issued shares (%)
Mr. WONG Wah On Edward	Long position	Beneficial owner	20,000,000	1.45
Mr. TAM Cheuk Ho	Long position	Beneficial owner	14,096,300	1.02

(II) Associated Corporations (within the meaning of the SFO)

China Natural Resources, Inc.

Name of Director	Long/short position	Capacity	Number of shares	Percentage of the issued shares (%)
Mr. WONG Wah On Edward	Long position	Beneficial owner	400,000	1.60
Mr. TAM Cheuk Ho	Long position	Beneficial owner	281,926	1.13

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2020, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or are required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register referred to therein, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

OTHER INFORMATION

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND OTHER CORPORATION

Other than the share option as disclosed under the heading of "Share Option Scheme of the Company" below, at no time during the period under review was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and neither the Directors nor the chief executive, nor any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the Reporting Period, the Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the CG Code, save and except for code provision A.2.1 as set out below.

Chairman and Chief Executive

Mr. HAN Weibing is the chairman and chief executive officer of the Company. He is mainly responsible for the Group's overall strategies, planning, management and business development.

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of the chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company deviates from this code provision of the CG Code with Mr. HAN Weibing being the chairman and chief executive officer of the Company concurrently. The Board considers this arrangement is in the best interest of the Group as it allows for efficient discharge of the executive functions of the chief executive officer. The Board believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operations of the Board which comprises experienced and high-calibre individuals including three independent non-executive Directors offering independent advice from different perspectives. In addition, major decisions are made after consultation with the Board and senior management as well as relevant Board committees. The Board is therefore of the view that there are adequate measures in place to balance power and safeguard shareholders' interests.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all the Directors, the Company confirmed that all the Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Reporting Period.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SHARES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed shares by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the Reporting Period.

OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLOSURE OF CHANGE OF DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Mr. WANG Tao resigned as an executive Director on 6 July 2020.

Mr. YUE Ming Wai Bonaventure resigned as an executive director, chief financial officer and corporate secretary of China Natural Resources, Inc., a company listed on the NASDAQ, in July 2020. He also ceased to be an executive director and the legal representative of Shenzhen Chixin Information and Consulting Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, in July 2020.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any change in the Directors' information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the date of the 2019 Annual Report of the Company.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME OF THE COMPANY

A share option scheme was adopted by shareholders of the Company on 23 December 2013 (the "Date of Adoption") (the "Share Option Scheme"), under which the Board may, at its discretion, offer any Eligible Persons (as hereinafter defined) options to subscribe for shares in the Company (the "Shares") subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. The Share Option Scheme is valid and for an effective period of 10 years from the Date of Adoption. The Share Option Scheme is an incentive scheme and is established to enable the Group to recognise the contribution that certain individuals have made to the Company, to attract and retain the best available personnel and to promote the success of the Company's business and that of its subsidiaries. The Eligible Persons include (a) any employee, director or consultant of the Company or any subsidiary; or (b) any other person who has contributed to the success of the listing of the Company on the Stock Exchange, in each case, as determined by the Board. The eligibility of an Eligible Person will be determined by the Board with reference to his or her past and expected commitment and contribution to the Company and/or the subsidiaries.

The share options are exercisable at any time for a period to be determined by the Directors, which shall not be more than 10 years from the offer date. The minimum period for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised would be determined by the Board.

The total number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme as refreshed was 138,054,580 Shares (the "Refreshed Scheme Mandate Limit"), representing 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of approval of the Refreshed Scheme Mandate Limit. The Refreshed Scheme Mandate Limit was approved by shareholders of the Company on 31 May 2017 by ordinary resolution. The listing approval in respect of the Shares which may be issued on exercise of the options under the Share Option Scheme was granted by the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange on 2 June 2017. The number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted to any Eligible Person in any 12-month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the Shares in issue at any point in time, unless approved by the Company's shareholders. In addition, the number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted to any Eligible Person (who is a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive Director of the Company, or any of their respective associates (within the meaning as ascribed under the Listing Rules)) in any 12-month period is not permitted to exceed 0.1% of the total number of Shares in issue and HK\$5,000,000 in an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the Shares at the date of each grant, unless approved by the Company's shareholders.

OTHER INFORMATION

The subscription price for the Shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board at its sole discretion and notified to the Eligible Persons (subject to any adjustments made pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme) and shall be the higher of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date; (ii) the average closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

Consideration of HK\$1 is payable by each Eligible Person for the grant of option.

As at 30 June 2020, no options were granted or agreed to be granted since the Date of Adoption. The Company had a total of 138,054,580 Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme (representing 10.0% of the existing issued Shares of the Company as at the date of this report).

INDEPENDENT REVIEW REPORT

For the six months ended 30 June 2020



Ernst & Young
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To the Board of Directors of Feishang Anthracite Resources Limited

(Incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability)

INTRODUCTION

We have reviewed the interim financial information set out on pages 21 to 57, which comprises the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Feishang Anthracite Resources Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) as at 30 June 2020 and the related interim condensed consolidated statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim financial information to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and International Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* (“IAS 34”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

SCOPE OF REVIEW

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

CONCLUSION

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to Note 1.1 to the interim condensed consolidated financial information which indicates that as at 30 June 2020, the Group had net current liabilities of CNY1,576.8 million and shareholders’ deficit of CNY300.3 million. This condition indicates the existence of a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong
31 August 2020

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

	Notes	Six months ended 30 June	
		2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
Revenue	4	424,787	597,713
Cost of sales		(328,618)	(372,460)
Gross profit		96,169	225,253
Selling and distribution expenses		(49,829)	(38,655)
Administrative expenses		(65,135)	(67,888)
Other operating expenses, net		(9,626)	(18,840)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT		(28,421)	99,870
Finance costs	5	(81,126)	(46,478)
Interest income	7	2,569	636
Share of loss of an associate		(387)	(263)
Non-operating (expenses)/income, net	6	(423)	1,093
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	7	(107,788)	54,858
Income tax benefit/(expense)	9	3,968	(27,519)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		(103,820)	27,339
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	3	(1,662)	(3,830)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		(105,482)	23,509
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:			
Owners of the parent			
From continuing operations	10	(105,194)	10,763
From discontinued operations	10	(1,659)	(3,826)
		(106,853)	6,937
Non-controlling interests			
From continuing operations		1,374	16,576
From discontinued operations		(3)	(4)
		1,371	16,572
		(105,482)	23,509

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

	Notes	Six months ended 30 June	
		2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
(LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT:			
Basic (CNY per share)			
– For (loss)/profit from continuing operations	10	(0.08)	0.01
– For loss from discontinued operations	10	*	*
– Net (loss)/earnings per share		(0.08)	0.01
Diluted (CNY per share)			
– For (loss)/profit from continuing operations	10	(0.08)	0.01
– For loss from discontinued operations	10	*	*
– Net (loss)/earnings per share		(0.08)	0.01

* Insignificant

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY'000 (Unaudited)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	(105,482)	23,509
Other comprehensive (loss)/income		
Other comprehensive loss that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(2,825)	(80)
Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	2,862	35
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of tax	37	(45)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME, NET OF TAX	(105,445)	23,464
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:		
Owners of the parent		
From continuing operations	(105,157)	10,718
From discontinued operations	(1,659)	(3,826)
	(106,816)	6,892
Non-controlling interests		
From continuing operations	1,374	16,576
From discontinued operations	(3)	(4)
	1,371	16,572
	(105,445)	23,464

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

30 June 2020

	Notes	30 June 2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 CNY' 000 (Audited)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	12	2,808,730	2,856,318
Right-of-use assets		235,084	185,770
Rehabilitation fund	13	10,161	12,136
Prepayments and other receivables	16	59,152	64,494
Investment in an associate		2,127	2,514
Deferred tax assets	9	21,971	9,527
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		3,137,225	3,130,759
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	14	38,256	37,317
Trade and bills receivables	15	155,763	126,887
Prepayments and other receivables	16	104,433	106,839
Pledged deposits	17	88,488	116,000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		6,541	5,019
Cash and cash equivalents	17	94,172	42,417
		487,653	434,479
Assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	3(b)	57,936	57,875
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		545,589	492,354
TOTAL ASSETS		3,682,814	3,623,113
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and bills payables	18	820,475	881,993
Other payables and accruals	19	392,912	417,971
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	20	730,500	622,000
Lease liabilities		20,718	47,930
Due to an associate company	25(c)	1,992	1,727
Interest payable		33,891	32,955
Income tax payable		49,760	45,994
Mining right payables		43,780	43,780
Deferred income	21	2,252	2,202
		2,096,280	2,096,552
Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale	3(b)	26,074	24,948
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,122,354	2,121,500

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

30 June 2020

	Notes	30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Due to a related company	25(c)	396,350	317,395
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	20	1,262,500	1,226,500
Lease liabilities		86,368	36,199
Deferred tax liabilities	9	88,124	88,650
Deferred income	21	14,907	15,633
Asset retirement obligations	22	12,488	12,068
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,860,737	1,696,445
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,983,091	3,817,945
EQUITY			
Share capital	23	1,081	1,081
Reserves		(487,531)	(380,715)
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT		(486,450)	(379,634)
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		186,173	184,802
TOTAL EQUITY		(300,277)	(194,832)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		3,682,814	3,623,113

Han Weibing

Chairman and Executive Director

Yue Ming Wai Bonaventure

Executive Director

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

Attributable to owners of the parent									
	Share capital	Share premium account*	Safety fund and production maintenance fund*	Special reserve*	Accumulated losses*	Exchange fluctuation reserve*	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	CNY'000	CNY'000	CNY'000	CNY'000	CNY'000	CNY'000	CNY'000	CNY'000	CNY'000
	Note 23								
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
At 1 January 2019	1,081	204,524	213,344	30,724	(730,806)	5,068	(276,065)	163,591	(112,474)
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	6,937	-	6,937	16,572	23,509
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	(45)	(45)	-	(45)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	6,937	(45)	6,892	16,572	23,464
Appropriation and utilisation of the safety fund and production maintenance fund, net	-	-	25,571	-	(25,571)	-	-	-	-
At 30 June 2019	1,081	204,524	238,915	30,724	(749,440)	5,023	(269,173)	180,163	(89,010)
At 1 January 2020	1,081	204,524	276,807	30,724	(897,911)	5,141	(379,634)	184,802	(194,832)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(106,853)	-	(106,853)	1,371	(105,482)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	37	37	-	37
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(106,853)	37	(106,816)	1,371	(105,445)
Appropriation and utilisation of the safety fund and production maintenance fund, net	-	-	32,172	-	(32,172)	-	-	-	-
At 30 June 2020	1,081	204,524	308,979	30,724	(1,036,936)	5,178	(486,450)	186,173	(300,277)

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated negative reserves of CNY487.5 million (30 June 2019: consolidated negative reserves of CNY270.3 million) as at 30 June 2020.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

	Note	Six months ended 30 June	
		2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(14,088)	256,599
Interest received		2,569	636
Interest paid		(70,121)	(35,000)
Income tax paid		(5,236)	(30,105)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(86,876)	192,130
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment		(69,809)	(101,062)
Receipt of a government grant		500	–
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(1,520)	–
Proceeds from disposal of a subsidiary		–	10,000
Net cash used in investing activities		(70,829)	(91,062)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from interest-bearing bank and other borrowings		216,000	128,000
Repayments of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings		(71,500)	(233,375)
Increase/(decrease) in restricted bank deposits		28,962	(40,000)
Advances from a related company		502,360	417,510
Repayments to a related company		(423,405)	(322,294)
Payment of the principal portion of lease liabilities		(36,180)	(23,326)
Payment of interest expenses of lease liabilities		(6,814)	(3,582)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		209,423	(77,067)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		51,718	24,001
Net foreign exchange difference		37	(45)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		42,417	54,468
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD		94,172	78,424
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position	17	94,172	78,149
Cash and bank balance attributed to a disposal group classified as held for sale		202	275
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS STATED IN THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		94,374	78,424

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO THE GROUP'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis Of Preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2020 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

The interim condensed consolidated financial information does not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2019.

The interim condensed consolidated financial information has been prepared on the historical cost basis. The interim condensed consolidated financial information is presented in Chinese Yuan ("CNY") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had net current liabilities of CNY1,576.8 million (31 December 2019: CNY1,629.1 million) and total assets less current liabilities of CNY1,560.5 million (31 December 2019: CNY1,501.6 million).

Going concern

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had net current liabilities of CNY1,576.8 million and shareholders' deficit of CNY300.3 million. In view of these circumstances, the directors of the Company (the "Directors") have given consideration to the future liquidity, performance of the Group and its available sources of finance in assessing whether the Group will have sufficient financial resources to continue as a going concern. Feishang Enterprise Group Co., Ltd. ("Feishang Enterprise"), controlled by Mr. Li Feilie, has undertaken to provide continuous financial support to the Group to enable it to have sufficient liquidity to finance its operations. Subsequent to the period end, the Group has secured additional loan facilities totalling CNY50.0 million. Besides, according to the existing banking facility agreement, on repayment of short-term bank borrowings amounted to CNY430.0 million in the second half of 2020, and the Group shall be able to draw down the same amount of short-term bank borrowings for another one year.

In order to improve the Group's profitability, liquidity and cash flows to sustain the Group as a going concern, the Group is in the process of implementing the following measures, namely: (i) focusing on coal quality management to improve the competitiveness and average selling price of its coal products by expanding coal washing capacity, setting up coal quality control teams and formulating coal quality control policies; (ii) continuing to expand production output in pursuit of economies of scale and opportunities for better product diversification; (iii) taking measures to tighten cost controls over various production costs and expenses; and (iv) entering into loan renewal discussions with the banks.

After taking into account the above measures, the Directors consider that the Group will be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. Therefore, the interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group has been prepared on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO THE GROUP'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019, except for the adoption of the following revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") for the first time for the current period's financial information.

Amendments to IFRS 3	<i>Definition of a Business</i>
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7	<i>Interest Rate Benchmark Reform</i>
Amendment to IFRS 16	<i>Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions</i>
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8	<i>Definition of Material</i>
Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued on 29 March 2018	

The nature and impact of the revised IFRSs are described below.

- (a) Amendments to IFRS 3 clarify and provide additional guidance on the definition of a business. The amendments clarify that for an integrated set of activities and assets to be considered a business, it must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output. A business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs. The amendments remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of acquiring the business and continue to produce outputs. Instead, the focus is on whether acquired inputs and acquired substantive processes together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments have also narrowed the definition of outputs to focus on goods or services provided to customers, investment income or other income from ordinary activities. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and introduce an optional fair value concentration test to permit a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to transactions or other events that occurred on or after 1 January 2020. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.
- (b) Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 address the effects of interbank offered rate reform on financial reporting. The amendments provide temporary reliefs which enable hedge accounting to continue during the period of uncertainty before the replacement of an existing interest rate benchmark. In addition, the amendments require companies to provide additional information to investors about their hedging relationships which are directly affected by these uncertainties. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group as the Group does not have any interest rate hedge relationships.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO THE GROUP'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures (continued)

- (c) Amendment to IFRS 16 provides a practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the covid-19 pandemic. The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the covid-19 pandemic and only if (i) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; (ii) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and (iii) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease. The amendment is effective retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 with earlier application permitted. During the period ended 30 June 2020, the Group had no rent concessions granted by the lessors. Therefore, the amendment did not have any impact on the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

- (d) Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 provide a new definition of material. The new definition states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information. The amendments did not have any impact on the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

- (e) The Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts contained therein override the concepts or requirements in any standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist the IASB in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies where there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards. The revised Conceptual Framework includes some new concepts, provides updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts. The amendments had no impact on the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

2. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

During the six months ended 30 June 2020, the Group had only one operating segment: the construction and development of anthracite coal mines, extraction and sale of anthracite coal, and trading of anthracite coal.

For management purposes, the Group operates in one business unit based on its products, and has only one reportable segment. The Group conducts its principal operation in Mainland China. The Group's management monitors the operating results of its business unit for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

Geographic information

The Group's revenue from external customers is derived solely from its operation in Mainland China, and no non-current assets of the Group are located outside Mainland China.

Information about major customers

During the six months ended 30 June 2020, revenue derived from sales to the three largest customers amounted to 43.5%, 12.8% and 10.2% of the consolidated revenue, respectively. During the six months ended 30 June 2019, revenue derived from sales to the largest customer amounted to 46.7% of the consolidated revenue.

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

(a) Discontinued operation of Gouchang Coal Mine

Gouchang Coal Mine is a coal mine located in Guizhou Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), which is wholly owned by Nayong Gouchang Coal Mining Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company. The operation of Gouchang Coal Mine has been suspended since March 2013 pending the acquisition of a nearby coal mine and Gouchang Coal Mine achieving certain production targets in accordance with Guizhou Province's coal mine consolidation policy. The Group therefore planned to close down Gouchang Coal Mine in accordance with the second batch of the restructuring proposals approved by the Energy Bureau of Guizhou Province* (貴州省能源局) and the Leading Group Office of Guizhou Province on Coal Enterprises Consolidation* (貴州省煤礦企業兼併重組工作領導小組辦公室) on 5 January 2016. During the six months ended 30 June 2020, substantially all the work at Gouchang Coal Mine had ceased, and therefore, the operating results have been reclassified to a discontinued operation for the purpose of preparing the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss. There was no significant impact of the discontinued operations on the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss during the six months ended 30 June 2020.

* For identification purpose only

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

(a) Discontinued operation of Gouchang Coal Mine (continued)

The results of Gouchang Coal Mine for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and 2019 are presented below:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Finance costs	(1)	(1)
Non-operating expenses, net	(297)	(400)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX	(298)	(401)
Income tax expense	—	—
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD FROM A DISCONTINUED OPERATION	(298)	(401)
Attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	(295)	(397)
Non-controlling interests	(3)	(4)
	(298)	(401)

The net cash flows incurred by Gouchang Coal Mine are as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Operating activities	(238)	(401)
Financing activities	222	850
Net cash (outflow)/inflow	(16)	449

(b) Discontinued operation of Guizhou Nayong Dayuan Coal Mining Co., Ltd. ("Guizhou Dayuan")

On 24 May 2019, Guizhou Puxin Energy Co., Ltd. ("Guizhou Puxin"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into an agreement with Guiyang Baoshun Energy Co., Ltd. ("Baoshun"), an independent third party, to dispose of its entire equity interest in Guizhou Dayuan, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Guizhou Puxin, at an aggregate cash consideration of CNY55.0 million. Guizhou Dayuan is mainly engaged in the extraction and sale of anthracite coal in Nayong County, Guizhou Province, the PRC. The consideration shall be paid by Baoshun in various tranches upon the satisfaction of the subsequent conditions. During the year of 2019, Guizhou Puxin received tranches of CNY50.0 million from Baoshun. Up to 30 June 2020, the transaction was not yet completed, and Guizhou Dayuan was classified as a disposal group held for sale and as a discontinued operation.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

- (b) Discontinued operation of Guizhou Nayong Dayuan Coal Mining Co., Ltd. (“Guizhou Dayuan”) (continued)

The results of Guizhou Dayuan for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and 2019 are presented below:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
	CNY' 000	CNY' 000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Administrative expenses	(133)	(1,832)
OPERATING LOSS	(133)	(1,832)
Finance costs	(58)	(75)
Non-operating expenses, net	–	(337)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX	(191)	(2,244)
Income tax expense	(1,173)	(1,185)
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD FROM A DISCONTINUED OPERATION	(1,364)	(3,429)
Attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	(1,364)	(3,429)
Non-controlling interests	–	–
	(1,364)	(3,429)

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

- (b) Discontinued operation of Guizhou Nayong Dayuan Coal Mining Co., Ltd. (“Guizhou Dayuan”) (continued)

The major classes of assets and liabilities of Guizhou Dayuan classified as held for sale as at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2020 are as follows:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY' 000 (Audited)
Assets		
Property, plant and equipment	54,206	54,206
Rehabilitation fund	1,500	1,500
Prepayments and other receivables	2,028	2,027
Cash and cash equivalents	202	142
Assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	57,936	57,875
Liabilities		
Trade and bills payables	1,133	1,133
Other payables and accruals	1,982	2,088
Income tax payable	23	21
Deferred tax liabilities	21,263	20,090
Asset retirement obligations	1,673	1,616
Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale	26,074	24,948
Net assets directly associated with the disposal group	31,862	32,927

The net cash flows incurred by Guizhou Dayuan are as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June 2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Operating activities	(240)	(2,193)
Financing activities	300	1,074
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	60	(1,119)

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

The calculations of basic and diluted loss per share from the discontinued operations are based on:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Loss for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent from discontinued operations	(1,659)	(3,826)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares ('000 shares):		
Basic	1,380,546	1,380,546
Diluted	1,380,546	1,380,546
Loss per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent from discontinued operations (CNY per share):		
Basic	*	*
Diluted	*	*

* Insignificant

4. REVENUE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Revenue from contracts with customers	424,787	597,713

(i) Disaggregated revenue information

	Six month ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Types of goods		
Sale of coal	424,597	597,401
Coal trading	190	312
	424,787	597,713
Geographic market		
Mainland China	424,787	597,713
Timing of revenue recognition		
Goods transferred at a point of time	424,787	597,713

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

4. REVENUE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (continued)

(ii) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

Sale of coal

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the coal and payment is generally due within 30 days from delivery, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required.

Coal trading

The performance obligation is satisfied upon receipt of the coal and payment is generally due within 30 days from receipt.

5. FINANCE COSTS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Interest on interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	69,984	32,493
Interest on lease liabilities	6,814	3,582
Interest on payables for mining rights	1,073	1,073
Total interest expense	77,871	37,148
Bank charges	925	683
Discount interest	1,910	8,090
Accretion expenses	420	557
	81,126	46,478

6. NON-OPERATING (EXPENSES)/INCOME, NET FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Government grant (Note 7)	1,200	1,284
Surcharges for late tax payments	(122)	(1,063)
Safety security fines	(1,118)	(890)
Compensation income	–	1,900
Others	(383)	(138)
	(423)	1,093

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

7. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

The Group's (loss)/profit before tax from continuing operations is arrived at after crediting/charging:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Crediting:		
Interest income on bank deposits	2,569	636
Government grant (Note 6)	1,200	1,284
Charging:		
Cost of inventories sold (a)	275,494	285,040
Sales tax and surcharge	21,296	36,718
Utilisation of the safety fund and production maintenance fund	31,828	50,702
Cost of sales	328,618	372,460
Employee benefit expenses (Note 8)	127,097	138,486
Depreciation, depletion and amortisation:		
– Property, plant and equipment	138,470	143,459
– Right-of-use assets	9,813	7,179
Impairment of trade and bills receivables (Note 15)	2,808	101
Gains from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	305	277
Repairs and maintenance	24,567	9,899
Losses arising from temporary suspension of production	7,660	–

- (a) Included in the cost of inventories sold was CNY224.4 million for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (six months ended 30 June 2019: CNY241.5 million), relating to employee benefit expenses and depreciation, depletion and amortisation, and these amounts are also included in the respective amounts disclosed separately above for each type of expenses.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
	CNY' 000	CNY' 000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Wages, salaries and allowances	118,482	126,337
Contribution to pension plans (a)	5,998	5,191
Housing funds (a)	1,835	1,671
Welfare and other expenses	9,011	9,418
Sub-total	135,326	142,617

- (a) According to the PRC state regulations, the employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government and government-sponsored housing funds. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentages of their payroll costs for those qualified urban employees to the central pension scheme as well as the housing funds.

Employee benefits charged to the (loss)/profit from continuing operations are analysed as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
	CNY' 000	CNY' 000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Total employee benefits accrued for the period	135,326	142,617
Less:		
Amount included in inventories	(1,109)	(1,282)
Amount included in property, plant and equipment	(7,120)	(2,849)
Amount charged to (loss)/profit from continuing operations (Note 7)	127,097	138,486

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

9. INCOME TAX (BENEFIT)/EXPENSE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AND DEFERRED TAX

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (“BVI”) and conducts its primary business through its subsidiaries in Mainland China. It also has an intermediate holding company in Hong Kong. Under the current laws of the BVI, the Company incorporated in the BVI is not subject to tax on income or capital gains. The Hong Kong profits tax rate was 16.5% during the six months ended 30 June 2020 (six months ended 30 June 2019: 16.5%). The Company’s Hong Kong subsidiary has both Hong Kong-sourced and non-Hong Kong-sourced income. The latter is not subject to Hong Kong profits tax and the related expenses are non-tax-deductible. For the Hong Kong-sourced income, no provision for Hong Kong profits tax was made as this operation sustained tax losses during the six months ended 30 June 2020 and 2019. Furthermore, there are no withholding taxes in Hong Kong on the remittance of dividends.

Under the Law of the PRC on corporate income tax (“CIT”) and Implementation Regulation of the Corporate Income Tax Law (the “CIT Law”) collectively, the tax rate applicable to PRC group entities was 25% during the six months ended 30 June 2020 (six months ended 30 June 2019: 25%).

Under the prevailing CIT Law and its relevant regulations, any dividends paid by the Company’s PRC subsidiaries from their earnings derived after 1 January 2008 to the Company’s Hong Kong subsidiary are subject to PRC dividend withholding tax of 5% or 10%, depending on the applicability of the Sino-Hong Kong tax treaty.

As of 30 June 2020, the Group did not recognise deferred tax liabilities for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group’s subsidiaries established in Mainland China as there were no undistributed earnings available due to the aggregate loss of these subsidiaries.

The current and deferred components of income tax (benefit)/expense from the continuing operations are as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
	CNY’ 000	CNY’ 000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Current – Mainland China	9,002	27,246
Deferred – Mainland China	(12,970)	273
	(3,968)	27,519

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

9. INCOME TAX (BENEFIT)/EXPENSE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AND DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The Group's major deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, classified after netting on a jurisdictional basis, are as follows:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Deferred tax assets		
Accrued liabilities and other payables	4,563	3,927
Capitalised pilot run income	11,757	12,190
Tax losses	49,368	43,239
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	21,736	14,328
Bad debt provision	5,397	5,397
	92,821	79,081
Deferred tax liabilities		
Depreciation and fair value adjustment of property, plant and equipment*	(158,974)	(158,204)
Net deferred tax liabilities	(66,153)	(79,123)
Classification in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position:		
Deferred tax assets	21,971	9,527
Deferred tax liabilities	(88,124)	(88,650)

* Included in the deferred tax liabilities were deferred tax liabilities of CNY111.0 million and CNY112.4 million recognised relating to the fair value adjustment on property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019, respectively.

In assessing the recoverability of the Group's deferred tax assets, management has performed a detailed assessment on the available taxable temporary differences relating to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, which will result in taxable amounts against which the deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses can be utilised before they expire. In addition, management has also performed a detailed assessment on the profitability of these coal mining subsidiaries based on their production plans, product mix, forecasted selling prices, and the related production and operational costs, where strong profits are expected.

Accordingly, management considered that it is probable that the Group, in the future, will earn sufficient taxable profits to utilise these coal mining subsidiaries' deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses before they expire, and as such, the related deferred tax assets are recognised.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

10. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share amounts for the period were calculated as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
	CNY' 000	CNY' 000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
(Loss)/Profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent:		
from continuing operations	(105,194)	10,763
from discontinued operations	(1,659)	(3,826)
	(106,853)	6,937
Weighted average number of ordinary shares ('000 shares):		
Basic	1,380,546	1,380,546
Diluted	1,380,546	1,380,546
(Loss)/Earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent (CNY per share):		
Basic		
from continuing operations	(0.08)	0.01
from discontinued operations	*	*
	(0.08)	0.01
Diluted		
from continuing operations	(0.08)	0.01
from discontinued operations	*	*
	(0.08)	0.01

* Insignificant

The Company did not have any potential diluted shares throughout the period. Accordingly, the diluted earnings per share amounts are the same as the basic earnings per share amounts.

11. DIVIDEND

No dividend has been paid or declared by the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (six months ended 30 June 2019: Nil).

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the six months ended 30 June 2020, the additions of property, plant and equipment (excluding transferred from construction in progress) and construction in progress amounted to CNY12.9 million (six months ended 30 June 2019: CNY36.0 million) and CNY79.2 million (six months ended 30 June 2019: CNY194.7 million), respectively.

During the six months ended 30 June 2020, the total depreciation accrued was CNY139.7 million (six months ended 30 June 2019: CNY143.5 million).

As at 30 June 2020, certain mining rights with a carrying amount of CNY714.6 million (31 December 2019: CNY722.6 million) were pledged to secure bank loans with a carrying amount of CNY1,794.5 million (31 December 2019: 1,729.5 million) (Note 20).

As at 30 June 2020, certain machinery and equipment with carrying amounts of CNY40.1 million (31 December 2019: Nil) and certain buildings with carrying amounts of CNY7.8 million (31 December 2019: Nil) were pledged to secure bank loans with a carrying amount of CNY20.0 million (31 December 2019: Nil) (Note 20).

As at 30 June 2020, certain buildings with a carrying amount totalling CNY67.0 million (31 December 2019: CNY74.0 million) were without title certificates.

13. REHABILITATION FUND

The rehabilitation fund represents restricted cash set aside by the Group in banks and cash placed with authorities for the purposes of future environmental rehabilitation as well as the settlement of asset retirement obligations.

14. INVENTORIES

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Spare parts and consumables	35,728	37,552
Coal	4,338	1,575
Less: Provision for impairment	(1,810)	(1,810)
	38,256	37,317

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

15. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Trade receivables	178,972	145,620
Less: Loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables	(50,720)	(47,912)
	128,252	97,708
Bills receivable	27,511	29,179
	155,763	126,887

A credit period of up to three months is granted to customers with an established trading history, and for other customers, sales on cash terms or payments in advance are required. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

Trade receivables of CNY126.3 million (31 December 2019: Nil) were pledged as security for short-term loans of CNY100.0 million (31 December 2019: Nil) as at 30 June 2020 (Note 20).

Bills receivable are bills of exchange with maturity dates of less than one year, and management considers the probability of the default as minimal.

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the period/year, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Within 3 months	57,968	46,844
3 to 6 months	9,485	34,001
6 to 12 months	46,551	2,311
Over 12 months	14,248	14,552
	128,252	97,708

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

15. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
At the beginning of the period/year	47,912	47,294
Impairment losses, net	2,808	618
At the end of the period/year	50,720	47,912

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit loss on trade receivables, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the ageing.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

16. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The balances consist of prepayments and other receivables at cost of:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Current:		
Prepaid spare parts and consumables purchases	32,497	34,930
Deposits	19,519	20,407
Staff advances	7,344	7,420
Withheld social security	25,328	22,390
Value-added tax recoverable	6,863	6,345
Prepaid transportation fee	3,099	5,104
Coal sales subsidies	3,315	3,315
Prepaid coals for trading purpose	5,212	6,036
Others	5,410	5,046
Less: Provision for impairment	(4,154)	(4,154)
	104,433	106,839
Non-current:		
Prepayments for construction-related work	23,732	26,174
Prepayments for equipment purchases	33,087	36,266
Prepayments for mining plan design	1,324	1,084
Others	4,021	3,982
Less: Provision for impairment	(3,012)	(3,012)
	59,152	64,494
	163,585	171,333

The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

16. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The movements in provision for impairment of prepayments and other receivables are as follows:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Current:		
At the beginning of the period/year	4,154	5,633
Reclassified to assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	–	(1,479)
Sub-total	4,154	4,154
Non-current:		
At the beginning of the period/year	3,012	3,704
Reclassified to assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	–	(692)
Sub-total	3,012	3,012
At the end of the period/year	7,166	7,166

17. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Cash and bank balances	182,660	158,417
	182,660	158,417
Less: Pledged deposits:		
Pledged and restricted for bank bills (Note 18)	(36,038)	(116,000)
Pledged and restricted for bank loans (Note 20)	(51,000)	–
Restricted bank deposits	(1,450)	–
	(88,488)	(116,000)
Cash and cash equivalents	94,172	42,417

- (i) Pledged deposits mainly include deposits of CNY36.0 million (31 December 2019: CNY116.0 million) held as security for bank bills, a deposit of CNY51.0 million (31 December 2019: Nil) held as security for bank loans and restricted bank deposits frozen due to a lawsuit of CNY1.5 million (31 December 2019: Nil) as at 30 June 2020.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

17. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS (continued)

(ii) Deposits and cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY' 000 (Audited)
CNY	180,895	153,463
Hong Kong dollar	1,765	4,954
	182,660	158,417

Cash and cash equivalents are principally CNY-denominated deposits placed with banks in the PRC. The CNY is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under the Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange CNY into other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

18. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

	At 30 June 2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY' 000 (Audited)
Trade payables (a)	748,475	710,093
Bills payable	72,000	171,900
	820,475	881,993

(a) Included in trade payables was CNY438.6 million (31 December 2019: CNY414.6 million) due to construction-related contractors as at 30 June 2020.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

18. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES (continued)

The ageing analysis of trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Within one year	170,954	466,872
More than one year	577,521	243,221
	748,475	710,093

Bills payable are bills of exchange with maturity of less than one year. Pledged deposits of CNY36.0 million (31 December 2019: CNY116.0 million) were pledged to secure the bank bills as at 30 June 2020 (Note 17).

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on a term of three to six months except for those due to construction-related contractors, which are repayable on terms ranging from three months to approximately one year.

19. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Deposits from contractors	77,418	89,526
Social security payable (a)	82,842	71,318
Payroll payable	29,412	42,500
Contract liabilities (b)	85,873	115,814
Other taxes payable	40,403	20,788
Professional fee	1,565	1,758
Payables for emergency rescue of the coal mine	3,667	3,667
Geological hazard compensation	80	982
Receipts from disposal of a subsidiary	50,000	50,000
Others	21,652	21,618
	392,912	417,971

(a) The social security payable consists of employee retirement insurance, medical insurance, maternity insurance, employment injury insurance and unemployment insurance and housing funds for the Group's employees.

(b) Contract liabilities include short-term advances received to deliver coal.

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of three months.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

20. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	At 30 June 2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY' 000 (Audited)
Current		
Bank and other borrowings – guaranteed	70,000	100,000
Bank and other borrowings – secured	100,000	–
Bank and other borrowings – unsecured	–	2,000
Bank and other borrowings – secured and guaranteed	220,000	200,000
Current portion of long-term bank and other borrowings – secured and guaranteed	332,000	303,000
Current portion of long-term bank and other borrowings – guaranteed	8,500	17,000
	730,500	622,000
Non-current		
Bank and other borrowings – secured and guaranteed	1,262,500	1,226,500
	1,262,500	1,226,500
	1,993,000	1,848,500

Certain of the interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are secured by:

- (1) pledges over the Group's mining rights with a carrying amount of CNY714.6 million (31 December 2019: CNY722.6 million) as at 30 June 2020 (Note 12);
- (2) pledges over the Company's equity interests in Guizhou Puxin and Guizhou Dayuan as at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019;
- (3) pledges over trade receivables in Guizhou Yongfu Mining Co., Limited ("Guizhou Yongfu") and Guizhou Puxin with carrying amounts of CNY126.3 million (31 December 2019: Nil) as at 30 June 2020 (Note 15);
- (4) pledges over machinery and equipment owned by Guizhou Yongfu with carrying amounts of CNY40.1 million (31 December 2019: Nil) and buildings owned by Guizhou Puxin with carrying amounts of CNY7.8 million (31 December 2019: Nil) as at 30 June 2020 (Note 12); and
- (5) the pledge of a deposit in Guizhou Puxin with a carrying amount of CNY51.0 million (31 December 2019: Nil) as at 30 June 2020 (Note 17).

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

20. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

In addition, Mr. Li Feilie has guaranteed certain of the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of up to CNY1,823.0 million (31 December 2019: CNY1,776.5 million) as at 30 June 2020. Also, the Group's fellow subsidiaries have guaranteed certain of the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of up to CNY1,893.0 million (31 December 2019: CNY1,846.5 million) as at 30 June 2020.

All borrowings are denominated in CNY.

21. DEFERRED INCOME

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
At beginning of period/year	17,835	12,081
Additions	500	8,261
Amortised during the period/year	(1,176)	(2,507)
At the end of period/year	17,159	17,835
Portion classified as current liabilities	(2,252)	(2,202)
Non-current portion	14,907	15,633

During the six months ended 30 June 2020, government grants at the amount of CNY0.5 million were received for certain underground construction projects in Liuzhi Xinsong Coal Mining Co., Ltd. The amounts were included in deferred income in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position, which were recognised in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss along with the depreciation of related assets over their useful lives.

Government grants of CNY0.02 million (six months ended 30 June 2019: Nil) have been recognised in the interim consolidated statement of profit or loss directly since there was no unfulfilled condition for the six months ended 30 June 2020.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

22. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

Asset retirement obligations primarily relate to the closure of mines, which includes dismantling mining-related structures and the reclamation of land upon exhaustion of coal reserves.

The following table describes the changes to the Group's asset retirement obligation liabilities:

	Amount CNY' 000
At 1 January 2019	13,036
Change of estimation	(268)
Accretion expenses	916
Reclassified to liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale	(1,616)
At 31 December 2019 (Audited) and 1 January 2020	12,068
Accretion expenses	420
At 30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	12,488

23. SHARE CAPITAL

	At 30 June 2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY' 000 (Audited)
Authorised:		
100,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each (31 December 2019: 100,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each)	79,960	79,960
Issued and fully paid:		
1,380,545,800 ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each (31 December 2019: 1,380,545,800 ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each)	1,081	1,081

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

24. COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY' 000 (Audited)
Contracted, but not provided for		
– Construction and purchase of items of property, plant and equipment	139,752	243,123
– Capital contribution to an associate	1,600	1,600
	141,352	244,723

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the interim condensed consolidated financial information, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the period:

(a) Commercial transactions with related parties

Commercial transactions with related parties are summarised as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June 2020 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	2019 CNY' 000 (Unaudited)
Payment of its share of office rental, rates and others to Anka Consultants Limited (“Anka”) (i)/(ii)	422	405
Purchase of materials and equipment maintenance from Guizhou Longfei Technology Development Co., Ltd. (“Longfei”) (iii)	4,421	2,139
Share of office rental to Feishang Enterprise (i)/(iv)	82	85

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) Commercial transactions with related parties (continued)

- (i) The related party transactions constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
- (ii) On 1 July 2016, the Company and China Natural Resources, Inc. ("CHNR"), a related company which is controlled by the controlling shareholder of the Group, signed the office sharing agreement with Anka, a Hong Kong private company that is owned by certain Directors. Pursuant to the agreement, the office premises of 119 square meters were shared by the Company, and 184 square meters were shared by CHNR. The agreement also provided that the Company and CHNR shared certain costs and expenses in connection with their use of the office, in addition to some of the accounting and secretarial services and day-to-day office administration provided by Anka. In 2018, Anka's lease with the unrelated landlord was extended for two years, from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2020. Besides, Anka has signed new contract with the unrelated landlord in July 2020 for two years to 30 June 2022.
- (iii) Longfei, an associate, provides materials and equipment maintenance services for the Group.
- (iv) On 1 January 2019, Shenzhen Chixin Information and Consulting Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into an office sharing leasing agreement with Feishang Enterprise. Pursuant to the agreement, the office premises of 40 square meters were shared by the Company. The agreement will expire in September 2021.

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the above transactions with related parties were conducted in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms or in accordance with the agreements governing such transactions.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
	CNY' 000	CNY' 000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Wages, salaries and allowances	1,484	1,453
Contribution to pension plans	15	51
Housing funds	25	29
Welfare and other expenses	17	28
	1,541	1,561

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) Outstanding balance with related parties

The Group's payables with related parties, which are all unsecured and non-interest-bearing, are summarised as follows:

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Payables due to a related company:		
Feishang Enterprise	396,350	317,395
Lease liabilities due to related companies:		
Anka	–	331
Feishang Enterprise	206	445
	206	776

	At 30 June 2020 CNY'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2019 CNY'000 (Audited)
Due to an associate:		
Longfei	1,992	1,727

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

26. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

Financial liabilities

	As at 30 June 2020		As at 31 December 2019	
	Carrying amount CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	Fair value CNY' 000 (Unaudited)	Carrying amount CNY' 000 (Audited)	Fair value CNY' 000 (Audited)
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings - non-current	247,500	241,541	262,500	258,533
Total	247,500	241,541	262,500	258,533

The fair value of the non-current portion of interest-bearing loans and bank borrowings has been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risks for interest-bearing bank and other borrowings as at the end of each reporting period were assessed to be insignificant.

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by the valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3 – Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

26. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value

As at 30 June 2020

	Fair value measurement using			Total CNY'000 (Unaudited)
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) CNY'000 (Unaudited)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) CNY'000 (Unaudited)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) CNY'000 (Unaudited)	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	–	6,541	–	6,541
Bills receivable	–	27,511	–	27,511
Total	–	34,052	–	34,052

As at 31 December 2019

	Fair value measurement using			Total CNY'000 (Audited)
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) CNY'000 (Audited)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) CNY'000 (Audited)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) CNY'000 (Audited)	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	–	5,019	–	5,019
Bills receivable	–	29,179	–	29,179
Total	–	34,198	–	34,198

The fair values of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were calculated by discounting future cash flows based on the expected rate of return of comparable products.

During the period/year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (six months ended 30 June 2019: Nil).

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

27. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 15 July 2020, Guizhou Yongfu and Jiangxi Province Haiji Financial Leasing Co., Ltd. entered into a factoring agreement. Under the factoring agreement, on 17 July 2020, Guizhou Yongfu received a short-term loan amounting to CNY50.0 million to finance its working capital on security of a pledge over its trade receivables of CNY53.5 million. The short-term loan, which bears a fixed interest rate of 4.976% per annum, is repayable on 17 July 2021.

28. APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information was approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 August 2020.

SUMMARY OF MINE PROPERTIES

The following table sets forth certain information relating to each of the Group's anthracite coal mines as of the date of this report:

Mine	Commercial Production					Discontinued Operations	
	Baiping Coal Mine	Yongsheng Coal Mine	Dayun Coal Mine	Liujiaba Coal Mine (Note 3)	Zhulinzhai Coal Mine (Note 3)	Dayuan Coal Mine (Note 2)	Gouchang Coal Mine (Note 1)
Location (within Guizhou province, the PRC)	Jinsha County, Qianbei Coal District	Jinsha County, Qianbei Coal District	Jinsha County, Qianbei Coal District	Liuzhi Special District, Zhina Coal District	Liuzhi Special District, Zhina Coal District	Nayong County, Zhina Coal District	Nayong County, Zhina Coal District
Equity interest held by the Group	70%	70%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%
Date of initial commercial production	June 2009	February 2014	July 2015	December 2012	April 2012	November 2013	n/a
Reserve data (as of 31 July 2013) (Note 4)							
Proved reserve (million tonnes)	3.44	3.77	12.50	2.08	2.15	2.99	1.87
Probable reserve (million tonnes)	19.04	48.19	84.79	11.52	7.41	5.27	3.85
Total proved and probable reserve (million tonnes)	22.48	51.96	97.29	13.60	9.56	8.26	5.72
Reserve data (as of 30 June 2020) (Note 5)							
Proved reserve (million tonnes)	1.48	-	8.60	0.38	2.07	n/a	n/a
Probable reserve (million tonnes)	19.04	46.13	84.79	11.52	7.41	n/a	n/a
Total proved and probable reserve (million tonnes)	20.52	46.13	93.39	11.90	9.48	n/a	n/a
Capital expenditure for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (CNY in millions)							
	2.38	41.66	17.19	5.66	-	n/a	n/a

Notes:

- (1) The Group has closed down Gouchang Coal Mine in accordance with relevant Guizhou province's coal mine consolidation policy. The credit of the coal resource and reserve of Gouchang Coal Mine will be retained and utilised by Baiping Coal Mine in future.
- (2) Operations have been suspended at Dayuan Coal Mine since June 2014 pending the passing of verification and acceptance procedures conducted by the Nayong County Administration Bureau of Work Safety. The Group's original plan to acquire a nearby coal mine to achieve the consolidation of Dayuan Coal Mine was suspended in 2016. On 24 May 2019, Guizhou Puxin entered into an equity transfer agreement with Baoshun (an independent third party), to dispose its entire equity interest in Guizhou Dayuan. Up to 30 June 2020, the transaction was not yet completed.
- (3) On 26 January 2015, the first batch of the restructuring proposal has been approved by the Energy Bureau of Guizhou Province and the Leading Group Office of Guizhou Province on Coal Enterprises Consolidation. Under the first batch of the restructuring proposal, the Group would integrate Zhulinzhai Coal Mine and Liujiaba Coal Mine, both located in Xinhua, Liuzhi Special District, Zhina Coal District, Guizhou province, into a single coal mine under the name of Liujiaba Coal Mine.
- (4) The reserve data as of 31 July 2013 is extracted from competent person's report dated 7 December 2013 prepared by Behre Dolbear Asia, Inc. under the JORC Code.
- (5) The reserve data as of 30 June 2020 has been substantiated by the Group's internal expert by adjusting those reserves extracted by the Group's mining activities from August 2013 to June 2020 from the proved reserve figure as of 31 July 2013. All assumptions and technical parameters set out in the competent person's report as shown in the listing document of the Company dated 31 December 2013 have not been materially changed and are continued to apply to the reserve data as of 30 June 2020 (except those of Gouchang Coal Mine and Dayuan Coal Mine).
- (6) There was no exploration activity for the Group during the Reporting Period.